



Security Council

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1 April 1994

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REPORT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL CONCERNING THE
CREDENTIALS OF THE ALTERNATE REPRESENTATIVE OF
NEW ZEALAND ON THE SECURITY COUNCIL

Pursuant to rule 15 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General wishes to report that he has received a letter dated 28 March 1994 from the Permanent Representative of New Zealand to the United Nations stating that Mr. James Loudon Kember has been appointed alternate representative of New Zealand on the Security Council for the month of April 1994.

In the opinion of the Secretary-General, this letter constitutes adequate provisional credentials.



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LETTER DATED 30 MARCH 1994 FROM THE DEPUTY PERMANENT
REPRESENTATIVE OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA TO THE
UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE
SECURITY COUNCIL

I have the honour to present to you the attached letter, dated today,
signed by my President, Mr. Alija Izetbegović.

May I ask for your kind assistance in circulating this letter as a document
of the Security Council.

(Signed) Ivan Z. MISIC
Deputy Permanent Representative

Annex

Letter dated 30 March 1994 from the President of
the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina addressed
to the President of the Security Council

In recent weeks, Fascist terror in Banjaluka and its suburbs, introduced two years ago, has gained the proportions of rapid ethnic cleansing. According to the reliable information, couple of hundreds of Bosniacs and Croats are being expelled from Banjaluka area on a daily basis. In order to save their sheer lives, these unfortunate people surrender to their expellers a very last coin of their savings.

After numerous massive executions of the non-Serbian population, after concentration camps where thousands of Muslims-intellectuals were murdered, what is presently taking place in Banjaluka is the final act of the crime against humanity, that has been lengthy and thoroughly prepared.

The international community has been a passive observer of the genocide, unprecedented by its scope and cruelty of its perpetration in the entire period of global peace. Systematic destruction of sacral complexes is taking place before very eyes of the entire humanity. Last year, in only one day, the authorities of the so-called "Republika Srpska" levelled with explosives three mosques in the centre of Banjaluka, all three registered as international cultural heritage.

We have but a little time to make a purpose of any intervention by the international community. For the sake of saving the innocent, but also for its own sake and for the sake of the principles the new international order is based upon, the United Nations Organization would have to take immediate and resolute action and to put an end to such crimes.

(Signed) Alija IZETBEGOVIĆ



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GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-eighth session
Agenda item 170
THE SITUATION IN BURUNDI

SECURITY COUNCIL
Forty-ninth year

Letter dated 29 March 1994 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of
Greece to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit to you herewith the French and English versions of a communiqué of the Presidency on behalf of the European Union on Burundi, issued on 25 March 1994.

I should be grateful if you would have the text of the present letter and its annex circulated as a document of the forty-eighth session of the General Assembly, under agenda item 170, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Adamantios Th. VASSILAKIS
Chargé d'affaires a.i.
Deputy Permanent Representative

Annex

[Original: English and French]

Declaration of the European Union on Burundi issued on
25 March 1994

The European Union notes that the situation is deteriorating in Bujumbura, where repeated confrontations between civilian militias and the forces of order are causing many victims, especially among the unarmed and innocent people of the two ethnic groups. The European Union condemns this violence, which, sustained by extremist elements among those in power and among the members of the opposition and the forces of order, is endangering the institutions of law and order in Burundi, so patiently and courageously set up by the democratic forces of the country.

The European Union appeals urgently to all members of Burundi society to end this violence and make every effort to achieve the necessary national reconciliation and the preservation of the safety of all Burundi's people under democratic law.



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LETTER DATED 24 MARCH 1994 FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE GOVERNING
COUNCIL OF THE UNITED NATIONS COMPENSATION COMMISSION ADDRESSED
TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

The United Nations Compensation Commission is continuing to work towards fulfilling its mandate to render quick and effective justice to the victims of Iraq's invasion of Kuwait. As a result, approval of the first compensation payments is expected in May 1994, which is less than two years after the first claims were filed.

The Governing Council was informed that the first expected payment of awards of approximately 4 million dollars can be met currently by the Compensation Fund at its present level. However, it would be impossible to pay in full the second group of awards, estimated to be over 200 million dollars, expected before the end of this year.

At its twelfth session that took place from 21 to 23 March 1994, the Governing Council requested me to report this situation to Your Excellency, as President of the Security Council, and to the Secretary-General, expressing its concerns and recalling the need, in the context of the relevant Security Council resolutions, to ensure that the Compensation Commission, in its capacity as a subsidiary organ of the Security Council, is provided with the necessary resources as soon as practicable to ensure the accomplishment of its mandate.

The Governing Council further asked me to underline the importance of close coordination among all the United Nations bodies participating in the implementation of Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

(Signed) Fernando Valenzuela MARZO
President of the Governing Council
United Nations Compensation Commission